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APPLICATION NO.	FILIN	G DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/675,997	09/29/2000		Will A. Egner	NORR-0009-US(13212RRUS02U 2652	
7590 10/22/2003				EXAMINER	
Dan C Hu				EWART, JAMES D	
Trop Pruner & 1	Hu PC				
Ste 100				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
8554 Katy Freeway				2683	6
Houston, TX 77024			•	DATE MAILED: 10/22/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)						
Office Action Comme	09/675,997	EGNER ET AL.						
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit						
	James D Ewart	2683						
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on								
<u> </u>								
,—, ,—, ,—, ,—, ,—, ,—, ,—, ,—, ,—, ,—,	is action is non-final.							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of Claims								
4) Claim(s) <u>3-11,13-23,25-39 and 42</u> is/are pend	•							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.							
Application Papers	_							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner								
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accep	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner. If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. & 119(a	\-(d\ or (f)						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 00 0.0.0. 3 110(d)-(d) Of (f).						
1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received							
Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur	ity documents have been receive eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ed in this National Stage						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).								
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro-	visional application has been rec	eived.						
Attachment(s)		/ U L						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)						
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Response to Arguments

1. Regarding the objection to claim 7, applicant's amendment has overcome the rejection, the objection to claim 7 is withdrawn.

- 2. The 35 USC § 112 rejections of claims 27 and 30 are withdrawn.
- 3. The 35 USC § 101 objection of claims 38-40 are withdrawn.
- 4. The applicants arguments regarding prior art rejections under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) and 103(a), filed August 18, 2003, have been fully considered by the Examiner, but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless – (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

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5. Claim 42 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Ogasawara (U.S. Patent No. 6,513,015).

Referring to claim 42, Ogasawara teaches a system comprising: a controller adapted to identify a location of a person (Column 3, Lines 23-27 and Column 10, Lines Lines 51-57) and to receive video images of at least one of the person and an environment in the proximity of the person (Column 14, Lines 22-45 and Figure 1), the controller adapted to communicate the received images to a remote node (Column 3, Lines 65-67) and a sub-system to track the location of the person (Column 10, Lines 51-57), the control adapted to receive video images from different ones of a plurality of video cameras based on the where the person is located (Column 3, Lines 23-27 and Column 4, Lines 27-30); the controller adapted to create a video album from the received video images (Column 14, Lines 22-45).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 3-11, 18-23, 25, 27-30, and 32-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over DeTemple et al (U.S. Patent No. 5,572,653) in view of Hollenberg (U.S. Patent No. 6,091,956) and further in view of Owensby (U.S. Patent Publication 2002/0077130).

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Referring to claims 3, 18, 19, 29 and 32, DeTemple et al discloses a method of communications in a geographic region having a plurality of fixed presentation devices (Figure 1; 28 and 30 and Column 4, Lines 20-22) that are located at respective fixed positions (Figure 2; 28, 30 and 16), comprising: determining a location of a user (Column 4, Lines 22-25 and Column 8, Lines 37-39); and sending information to present to the user on a presentation device in the proximity of the user (Column 1, Lines 20-26 and Column 2, Lines 66 – Column 3, Line 17), but does not teach sending information based on the determined location and determining from a user profile information of interest to the user wherein sending the information comprises sending the determined information. Owensby teaches sending information based on the determined location (0011) and determining from a user profile information of interest to the user (0011) wherein sending the information comprises sending the determined information (0010). Therefore, at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine the art of DeTemple et al with the teachings of Owensby of sending information based on the determined location and determining from a user profile information of interest to the user wherein sending the information comprises sending the determined information (0010) to provide targeted messages to a customer (0011).

Referring to claim 4, 20 and 30, Owensby further teaches wherein sending the determined information comprises sending advertising information (0010, Lines 7-11).

Referring to claims 5, 6, 33 and 34, DeTemple et al further teaches updating the user profile based on actions/products purchased of the user (Column 8, Lines 20-30).

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Referring to claim 7, DeTemple et al further discloses determining the location of the user comprises using information from a local tracking system within the geographic region (Column 7, Line 66 to Column 7, Lines 19 and Column 8, Lines 37-39).

Referring to claim 8, DeTemple et al further discloses wherein determining the location of the user comprises determining the location within a facility (Column 7, Line 66 to Column 7, Lines 19 and Column 8, Lines 37-39).

Referring to claim 9, DeTemple et al further discloses wherein determining the location is based on a location of a tracking device (Column 7, Line 66 to Column 7, Lines 19 and Column 8, Lines 37-39).

Referring to claims 10, 22 and 23, DeTemple et al further discloses wherein determining the location is based on communication of signals between the tracking device carried by the user and a network of antennas (Column 7, Line 66 to Column 7, Lines 19 and Column 8, Lines 37-39). Examiner equates pushing the cart, which has the tracking device, with carrying the tracking device.

Referring to claim 11, DeTemple et al teaches sending the information comprises sending information to present on a presentation device separate from the tracking device (Figure 2 and Column 7, Lines 66-67).

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Referring to claim 21, DeTemple et al further discloses wherein the information to present on one of the fixed presentation devices comprises one of video data and image data (Figure 1, 30 and Column 10, Lines 18-21).

Referring to claim 25, DeTemple et al further discloses wherein the controller is adapted to retrieve location information of a plurality of users (Column 7, Line 67).

Referring to claim 27, DeTemple et al further discloses wherein the location information identifies the location of the user in a facility selected from the group consisting of an entertainment facility, a retail facility, a business facility, an educational facility, and a governmental facility (Column 7, Line 67).

Referring to claim 28, DeTemple et al further discloses an interface adapted to communicate over a network with a sub-system comprising the device (Column 10, Lines 10-20).

Referring to claim 35, DeTemple et al further teaches collecting information identifying retail activities/ products purchased of the user (Column 8, Lines 20 - 29).

Referring to claim 36, DeTemple et al further teaches wherein the retail activities comprise visits to retail outlets and purchases of goods or services (Column 8, Lines 20 - 29).

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Referring to claim 37, DeTemple et al further teaches wherein the instructions when executed cause the system to further communicate the collected information to a retail entity (Figure 1).

7. Claims 13 and 26 are rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over DeTemple et al, Hollenberg and Owensby and further in view of Shapira (U.S. Patent No. 5,086,394).

Referring to claims 13 and 26, DeTemple et al, Hollenberg and Owensby teach the limitations of claims 13 and 26, but do not teach determining one or more common interests of the users, wherein sending the information comprises sending information based on the one or more common interests. Shapira teaches determining one or more common interests of the users, wherein sending the information comprises sending information based on the one or more common interests (Column 3, Lines 22-26). Therefore, at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine the art of DeTemple et al, Hollenberg and Owensby with the teachings of Shapira of determining one or more common interests of the users, wherein sending the information comprises sending information based on the one or more common interests to bring together people, who, by their own standards, are desirous of meeting (Column 2, Lines 13-16).

Referring to claim 14, DeTemple et al further teaches receiving data collected from one or more input devices of activities of the user (Column 8, Lines 20-29).

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Referring to claim 15, DeTemple et al further teaches wherein receiving the data comprises receiving data collected from one or more input devices in the proximity of the user (Column 4, Lines 29-41).

8. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over DeTemple et al, Hollenberg and Owensby and further in view of Ogasawara.

Referring to claim 16, DeTemple et al, Hollenberg and Owensby teach the limitations of claim 16, but do not teach wherein receiving the data comprises receiving data collected using one or more video cameras (Figure 1). Ogasawara teaches wherein receiving the data comprises receiving data collected using one or more video cameras (Column 4, Lines 27-30). Therefore, at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine the art of DeTemple et al, Hollenberg and Owensby with the art of Ogasawara wherein receiving the data comprises receiving data collected using one or more video cameras to detect unauthorized use of a customer ID card (Column 14, Line 34) and to provide personalized service to a customer (Column 15, Line 3, 26-30).

9. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 USC 103(a) as being unpatentable over DeTemple et al, Hollenberg, Owensby and Ogasawara and further in view of Narasimhan et al (U.S. Patent No. 6,237,145).

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Referring to claim 17, DeTemple et al, Hollenberg, Owensby and Ogasawara teach the limitations of claim 17 including storing the received data collected by one or more video cameras in a video images Ogasawara, Column 14, Lines 22-45), but do not teach that it is accessible by the user. Narasimhan et al teaches providing profile access to the user (Column 8, Lines 4-13). Therefore, at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine the art of DeTemple et al, Hollenberg, Owensby and Ogasawara with the teachings of Narasimhan et al of providing profile access to the user so that the user may update his or her own profile as necessary (Column 8, lines 4-5).

10. Claims 38 and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over DeTemple et al. in view of Ogasawara.

Referring to claim 38, DeTemple et al teaches a data signal embodied in a carrier wave and containing instructions that when executed cause a system to: identify a location of a user (Column 3, Lines 10-13), but does not teach receive video data collected from one or more cameras in the proximity of the user and store the video in a video album. Ogasawara teaches receive video data collected from one or more cameras in the proximity of the user (Column 8, Lines 20-30) and store the video data in a video album (Column 8, Lines 25-30). Therefore, at the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine the art of DeTemple et al with the teachings of Ogasawara of receive video data collected from one or more cameras in the proximity of the user and store the video in a video

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album to detect unauthorized use of a customer ID card (Column 14, Line 34) and to provide personalized service to a customer (Column 15, Line 3, 26-30).

Referring to claim 39, Ogasawara further teaches wherein the instructions when executed cause the system to further store the video data received from a plurality of the cameras as the user changes location (Column 4, Lines 27-30 and Column 5, Lines 5-16). A customer could enter in one entrance and then exit to get a shopping list left in the car and then enter another entrance. This could happen more than once.

Conclusion

11. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to James D Ewart whose telephone number is (703) 305-4826. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7am - 4pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William Trost can be reached on (703)308-5318. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)305-9508 for regular communications and (703)305-9508 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)305-3900.

Ewart

October 10, 2003

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINE

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